Package: crossmatch (via r-universe)

June 7, 2026

Type Package

Title The Cross-Match Test

Version 1.4-0

Date 2024-06-18

Description Performs the cross-match test that is an exact, distribution free test of equality of 2 high dimensional multivariate distributions. The input is a distance matrix and the labels of the two groups to be compared, the output is the number of cross-matches and a p-value. See Rosenbaum (2005) <doi:10.1111/j.1467-9868.2005.00513.x>.

Imports nbpMatching

Suggests MASS

License GPL-2

LazyLoad yes

NeedsCompilation no

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Config/pak/sysreqs cmake make libicu-dev libuv1-dev

Repository https://mariekestolte.r-universe.dev

Date/Publication 2024-06-22 02:39:56 UTC

RemoteUrl https://github.com/cran/crossmatch

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha e29f616bb0d376c5b470aacf23e6c1f65e0f87de

Contents

`crossmatchdist` *The Exact Null Distribution Of The Cross-match Statistic Under The Null*

Description

The exact null distribution of the number of crossmatches for `bigN>=4` cases, `n>=2` from one type and `N-n>=2` from another type.

Usage

```
crossmatchdist(bigN, n)
```

Arguments

`bigN`	The total number of observations
`n`	The number of cases from one type

Details

`bigN` is even. Let a1 be the number of cross-matches pairs. Then `a2=(n-a1)/2` and `a0=bigN/2-(n+a1)/2` are the number of pairs both of one type and the other type respectively.

Value

`dist`	A matrix with rows `a0`, `a1`, `a2`, `Pr(A1=a1)` and `Pr(A1<=a1)`.

Author(s)

Ruth Heller

References

Rosenbaum, P.R. (2005), An exact distribution-free test comparing two multivariate distributions based on adjacency, *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series B (Statistical Methodology)*, **67**, 4, 515-530.

Examples

```
crossmatchdist(18,9)
```

`crossmatchtest` *The Cross-Match Test*

Description

A test for comparing two multivariate distributions by using the distance between the observations.

Usage

```
crossmatchtest(z, D)
```

Arguments

`z`	A binary vector corresponding to observations class labels.
`D`	A distance matrix of dimensions NxN, where N is the total number of observations.

Details

Observations are divided into pairs to minimize the total distance within pairs, using a polynomial time algorithm made available in R by Lu, B., Greevy, R., Xu, X., and Beck, C in the R package "nbpMatching". The cross-match test takes as the test statistic the number of times a subject from one group was paired with a subject from another group, rejecting the hypothesis of equal distribution for small values of the statistic; see Rosenbaum (2005) for details.

Value

A list with the following

`a1`	The number of cross-matches
`Ea1`	The expected number of cross-matches under the null
`Va1`	The variance of number of cross-matches under the null
`dev`	The observed difference from expectation under null in SE units
`pval`	The p-value based on exact null distribution (NA for datasets with 340 observations or more)
`approxpval`	The approximate p-value based on normal approximation

Author(s)

Ruth Heller

References

Rosenbaum, P.R. (2005), An exact distribution-free test comparing two multivariate distributions based on adjacency, *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series B (Statistical Methodology)*, **67**, 4, 515-530.

Examples

```
## The example in Section 2 of the article (see References)

#The data consists of 2 outcomes measured on 9 treated cases and 9 controls:
dat <- rbind(c(0.47,0.39,0.47,0.78,1,1,0.54,1,0.38,1,0.27,0.63,0.22,0,-1,-0.42,-1,-1),
             c(0.03,0.11,0.16,-0.1,-0.05,0.16,0.12,0.4,0.04,0.71,0.01,0.21,-0.18,
               -0.08,-0.35,0.26,-0.6,-1.0))
z <- c(rep(0,9),rep(1,9))
X <- t(dat)

## Rank based Mahalanobis distance between each pair:
X <- as.matrix(X)
n <- dim(X)[1]
k <- dim(X)[2]
for (j in 1:k) X[,j] <- rank(X[,j])
cv <- cov(X)
vuntied <- var(1:n)
rat <- sqrt(vuntied/diag(cv))
cv <- diag(rat) %*% cv %*% diag(rat)
out <- matrix(NA,n,n)

library(MASS)

icov <- ginv(cv)
for (i in 1:n) out[i,] <- mahalanobis(X,X[i,],icov,inverted=TRUE)

dis <- out

## The cross-match test:

crossmatchtest(z,dis)
```

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